

세미나 초록

성명	박준석
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발표 주제	Development of Bersiporocin, A First-in-Class Prolyl-tRNA Synthetase (PRS) Inhibitor for the treatment of fibrotic diseases
발표 내용	<p>PRS, a member of aminoacyl tRNA synthetases (ARS), is an enzyme that conjugates amino acid proline to its tRNA for utilizing in newly synthesized peptides. Thus PRS plays an essential role in <i>de novo</i> protein synthesis. Excessive deposition of collagen is the pathological hallmark of fibrosis, and proline is one of the major constituents of collagen.</p> <p>Therefore, we hypothesized that inhibition of proline synthesis might suppress collagen synthesis and thereby fibrosis, and using a structure-based drug discovery platform of PRS protein, we developed a novel small molecule PRS inhibitor, Bersiporosin (DWN12088), that inhibits the catalytic activity of PRS, ultimately downregulating collagen synthesis and providing anti-fibrotic activity. After confirming the anti-fibrotic efficacy of DWN12088 in various mouse models such as lung, heart, kidney, and skin, it is currently undergoing phase 2 clinical study for IPF patients in US and Korea.</p> <p>In this talk, I would like to introduce the entire process from target validation to clinical development of our PRS inhibitors.</p>